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Reactive extraction of 3-hydroxypropionic acid using tertiary and quaternary amines in decanol and comparison with its isomer 2-hydroxypropionic (lactic) acid

SCIENCE & IMPACT

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Context

· Within the framework of the development of the bioeconomy: → increasing drive towards the production of chemicals from renewable resources.

Interest in the sustainable production at the industrial scale of bio-based polymer building blocks, such as the bifunctional carboxylic acid 3-hydroxypropanoic acid (3-HP), is growing [1].

· Biotechnology is believed to provide a sustainable route to produce 3-HP.





optimize the operating conditions, bearing in mind the constrains associated with the integrated process of bioconversion and reactive extraction

better understand and control the specific mechanisms involved in reactive extraction prior to the implementation of the integrated process

Apparent distribution coefficient:

[HA]_{ag} measured using HPLC

KDapp

[HA]_{org} + [A⁻]_{org}

 $[HA]_{aq} + [A^-]_{aq}$

Material & Methods



- 3-HP and 2-HP solutions of 1 g.L⁻¹. Natural pH of 3.2 and 2.9 respectively.
- The natural pH was adjusted with 12N HCl or 1N NaOH solutions when required.
- Organic phase

Extraction with TOA

% TOA in decanol

12

10

8

4

0

0 10 20 30 40

dda 6

9

Extactants: Tri-n-otylamine (TOA) and tri-n-octylmethylammonium chloride (Aliquat 336), pure or a mixture of them. Concentrations of up to 60% vol/vol in diluent.

12

10

6

4

2

0

0

20

K_{Dapp} 8

Diluent: n-decanol.

2-HP

3-HP

Dynamic extraction

Extraction with mixtures of TOA and Aliquat 336 2-HP Extraction of 3-HP ■ 3-HP 12 30



■ Synergy between amines: K_{Dapp} obtained in the case of mixed extractants is higher than the sum of the K_{Dapp} of each extractant when used alone. As for individual amines, the higher affinity of 3-HP to water as compared to

2-HP and its higher pKa \rightarrow huge difference between K_{Dapp} for 3-HP vs 2-HP.



■ Mixed extractants give much higher K_{Dapp} at lower pH values → the presence of Aliquat 336 favors the 3-HP extraction by TOA^[3].

2HP extraction is more favored than 3HP, but similar behaviors are exhibited. Increasing TOA fraction up to 10-20% \rightarrow enhanced K_{Dapp}. Nevertheless, the solvation of the acid-amine complex is not favored for higher TOA fractions. For dynamic extraction: KDapp is improved thanks to the increase in interfacial area \rightarrow overcomes the mass transfer limitation due to complex formation. Extraction with Aliquat 336 2-HP 2-HF 2.0 2.0 3-HP 3-HF 16 16



acids < pKa, while Aliquat 336 reacts with the dissociated forms of the acids.

Conclusion & Prospects

• 3-HP reactive extraction by a synergistic mixture of TOA and Aliquat 336 in n-decanol showed highly interesting performances over a wide range of pH values. The reactive extraction was shown to be predominantly controlled by interfacial chemical reactions. Performing it in a membrane contactor will optimize the process. Further work is needed to better understand the specific mechanisms of synergy between amines and optimize the reactive extraction of 3-HP.

1] Yan Maris AJA, Konings WN, van Dijken JP, Pronk JT. Metab. Eng. 6:245-255, 2004. [2] Kyuchoukov, G., Yankov G. Ind. & Eng. Chem. Res. 51: 9117-9122, 2012. [3] Kyuchoukov, G., Marinova, M., Molinier, J., Albet, J. and Malmary, G. Ind. & Eng. Chem. Res. 40: 5623-5639, 2001

40

Static extraction

% TOA in decano

Results & Discussion

60