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## **Innovative IPM Solutions for Winter Wheat-based Rotations (WP2): Cropping Systems Assessed in the INRA Trials (France)**

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# Innovative IPM Solutions for Winter Wheat-based Rotations (WP2): Cropping Systems Assessed in the INRA Trials (France)

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## OBJECTIVE

Within the context of the PURE project (WP2), innovative IPM solutions were designed, tested and validated for winter wheat-based rotations in different pedoclimatic conditions in Europe.

In each location, three cropping systems (C.S.) were designed according to a gradient of pesticide-use intensity: (1) current agricultural practices with a conventional use of pesticides, (2) intermediate level of IPM with a reduction in pesticide use and (3) advanced level of IPM where no pesticides are allowed.

➤ Here, we describe the field trials and the main characteristics (*i.e.* agricultural practices) of the three cropping systems assessed in the INRA long-term field trials in France.

## LONG-TERM FIELD TRIALS AT INRA (France)

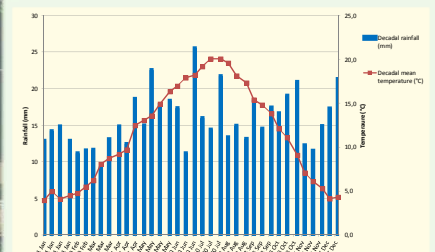
✈ Trial network locations in Europe - WP2 (on-station)      📍 INRA trials



Field trial located in Grignon (A.S.: Advanced System; I.S.: Intermediate System)



Field trial located in Versailles (C.S.: Current System)



Means of rainfall and temperatures in Grignon and Versailles (1993-2013)

## MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF THE 3 CROPPING SYSTEMS ASSESSED

(Colnenne-David C. and Doré T., 2014)

### CURRENT SYSTEM (C.S.)

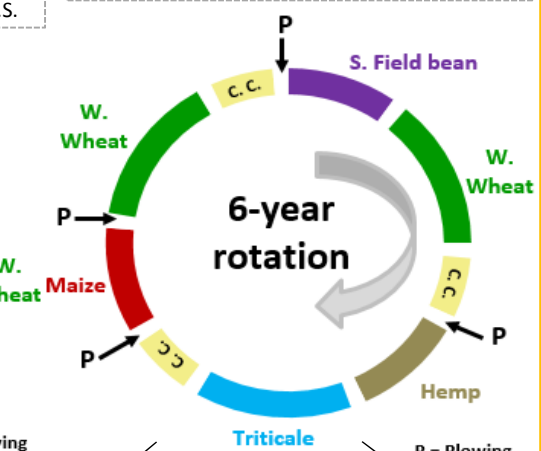
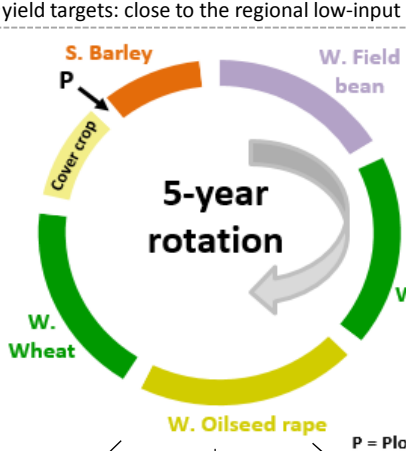
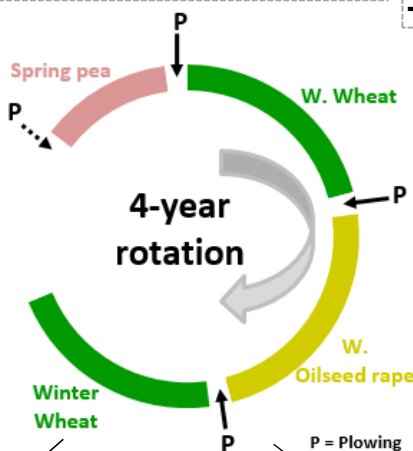
The C.S. was designed to maximize gross margin in bread wheat-based rotation:  
➔ high amount of pesticides allowed  
➔ yield targets: close to the current regional system

### INTERMEDIATE SYSTEM (I.S.)

The I.S. was designed with:  
➔ multiple environmental targets (*i.e.* to reduce pesticide use, to lessen energy consumption, to decrease N leaching, to stabilize the amount of soil organic matter)  
➔ yield targets: close to the regional low-input C.S.

### ADVANCED SYSTEM (A.S.)

The A.S. was designed with:  
➔ a pesticide constraint: no pesticide is allowed  
➔ multiple environmental targets (*i.e.* see I.S.)  
➔ yield targets: higher than the regional organic C.S.



TFI ha <sup>-1</sup> year <sup>-1</sup> : 4.64	N fertilization: 147 kgN ha <sup>-1</sup> year <sup>-1</sup>	TFI ha <sup>-1</sup> year <sup>-1</sup> : 1.85	N fertilization: 57 kgN ha <sup>-1</sup> year <sup>-1</sup>	TFI ha <sup>-1</sup> year <sup>-1</sup> : 0.00	N fertilization: 28 kgN ha <sup>-1</sup> year <sup>-1</sup>
Winter Wheat yield: 9.77 t ha <sup>-1</sup>		Winter Wheat yield: 8.56 t ha <sup>-1</sup>		Winter Wheat yield: 7.53 t ha <sup>-1</sup>	

Mean values are calculated at rotation scale

REFERENCE: Colnenne-David C., Doré T., 2014. Designing innovative productive cropping systems with quantified and ambitious environmental goals. "Renewable Agriculture and Food Systems". doi:10.1017/S1742170514000313

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